Adaptive Information Systems: From Adaptive Hypermedia to the Adaptive Web

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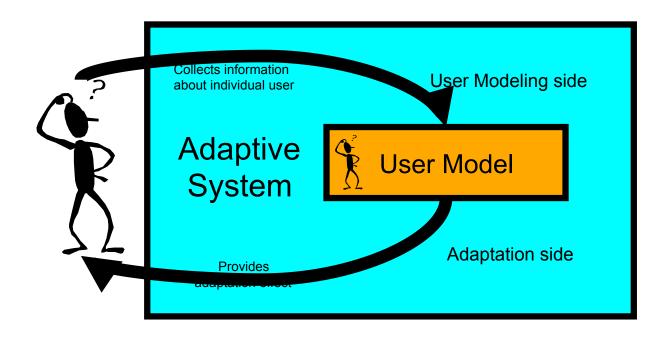
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Information Systems: One Size Fits All?

- Number of users is increasing
- Yet almost all of them offer the same content and the same links to all
 - Stores
 - Museums
 - Courses
 - News sites
- Adaptive information systems offer an alternative. They attempt to treat differently users that are different from the system's point view

Adaptive systems



Classic loop "user modeling - adaptation" in adaptive systems

What can be taken into account?

- Knowledge about the content and the system
- Short-term and long-term goals
- Interests
- Navigation / action history
- User category, background, profession, language, capabilities
- Platform, bandwidth, context...

What Can be Adapted?

- Intelligent Tutoring Systems
 - adaptive course sequencing
 - adaptive group formation

. . .

- Adaptive GUI
 - menu adaptation
 - dialog form adaptation
- ...
- Adaptive Hypermedia Systems
 - adaptive presentation
 - adaptive navigation support
- Adaptive Help Systems
- Adaptive ...

Personalized Information Access

- Adaptive IR systems (IR, from 1980)
 - Use word-level profile of interests and remedial feedback to adapt search and result presentation
- Adaptive hypermedia (HT, ITS, from 1990)
 - Use explicit domain models and manual indexing to deliver a range of adaptation effects to different aspects of user models
- Web recommenders (AI, ML, from 1995)
 - Use explicit and implicit interest indicators, apply clickstream analysis/ log mining to recommend best resources for detected use interests
 - Content-based recommenders
 - Collaborative recommenders

Why Search Personalization?

- Different users need different documents in response to the same query
- Relevance is not enough if the volume of data is high
 - R. Larsen: With the growth of DL even a good query can return not just tens, but thousands of "relevant" documents¹
- Personalization is an attempt to find most relevant documents using information about user's goals, knowledge, preferences, navigation history, etc.

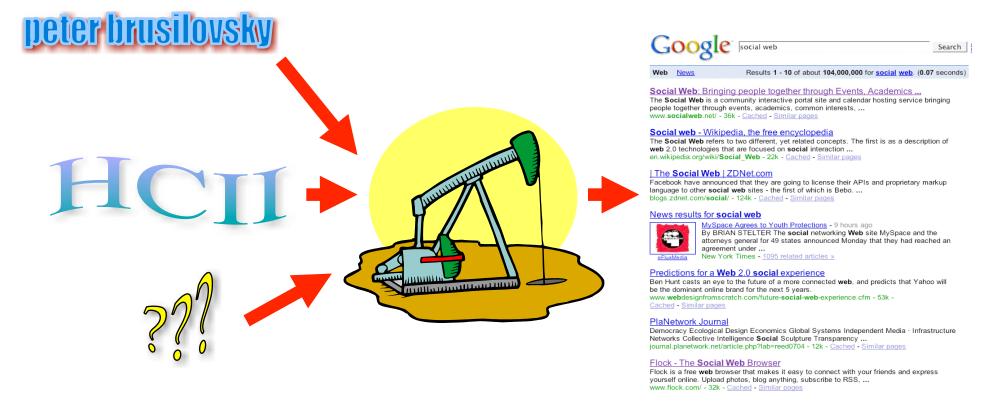
Larsen, R.L. Relaxing Assumptions . . . Stretching the Vision: A Modest View of Some Technical Issues. D-Lib Magazine, 3, April (1997), available online at http://www.dlib.org/dlib/april97/04larsen.html

Adaptive Search

- How search process can be adapted to the user?
- How we can model the user in adaptive search?
- Which adaptation technologies can be applied?

How Search Can be Adapted?

• Let's look by stages



Before search

During search

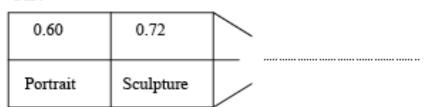
After search

Modeling Users in Adaptive Search

- Most essential feature: user interests
- Observing user document selection, adaptive IR systems build *profile* of user interests
- Keyword-level modeling
 - Uses a long list of keywords (terms) in place of domain model
 - User interests are modeled as weighted vector or terms
 - More advanced systems use several profiles for different domains or timeframes

Keyword User Profiles

Art



_	0.45	0.33
	Watercolor	Painting

Sports

0.88	0.27	
Soccer	Bat	

0.79	0.33
Touchdown	Score

Music

0.15	0.87	
Rock	Symphony	

_	0.31	0.63
	Score	Orchestra

Pre-Process: Query Expansion

- User profile is applied to add terms to the query
 - Popular terms could be added to introduce context
 - Similar terms could be added to resolve indexeruser mismatch
 - Related terms could be added to resolve ambiguity
 - Works with any IR model or search engine

Post-Processing

- The user profile is used to organize the results of the retrieval process
 - present to the user the most interesting documents
 - Filter out irrelevant documents
- Extended profile can be used effectively
- In this case the use of the profile adds an extra step to processing
- Similar to classic information filtering problem
- Typical way for adaptive Web IR

Post-Filter: Re-Ranking

- Re-ranking is a typical approach for postfiltering
- Each document is rated according to its relevance (similarity) to the user or group profile
- This rating is fused with the relevance rating returned by the search engine
- The results are ranked by fused rating
 - User model: WIFS, group model: I-Spy

YourNews: Adaptive Search and Filtering with Open User Profile



http://amber.exp.sis.pitt.edu/yournews/

Adaptive Hypermedia

- How hypertext and hypermedia can become adaptive?
- Which adaptation technologies can be applied?
- How we can model the user in adaptive hypertext?

Why Adaptive Hypermedia?

Hypermedia systems are almost adaptive but ...

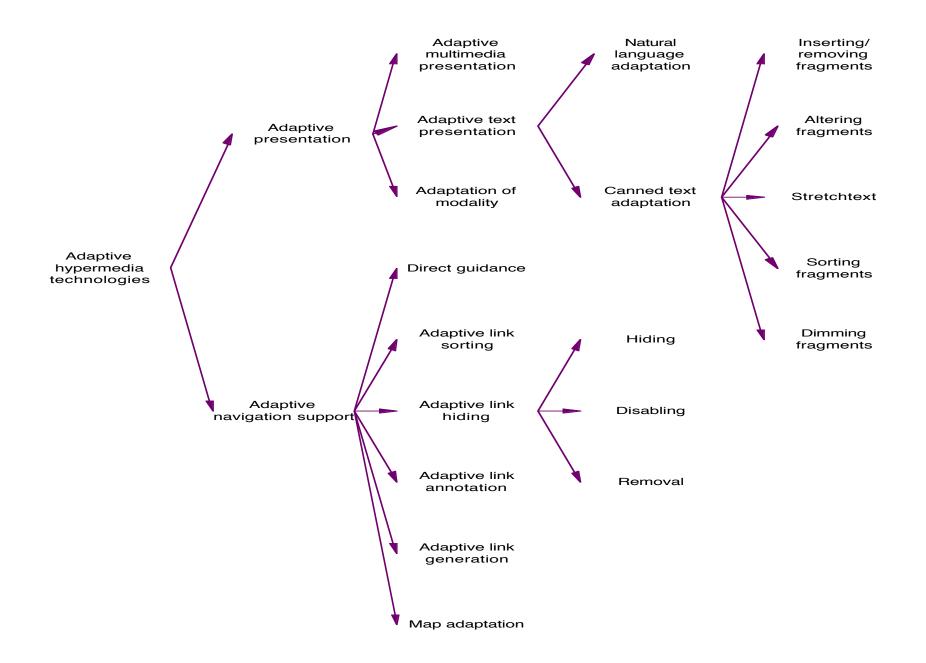
- ☑ Different people are different
- ☑ Individuals are different at different times
- ☑ "Lost in hyperspace"

We may need to make hypermedia adaptive where ..

- ⇒ There us a large variety of users
- ⇒ Same user may need a different treatment
- ⇒ The hyperspace is relatively large

What Can Be Adapted?

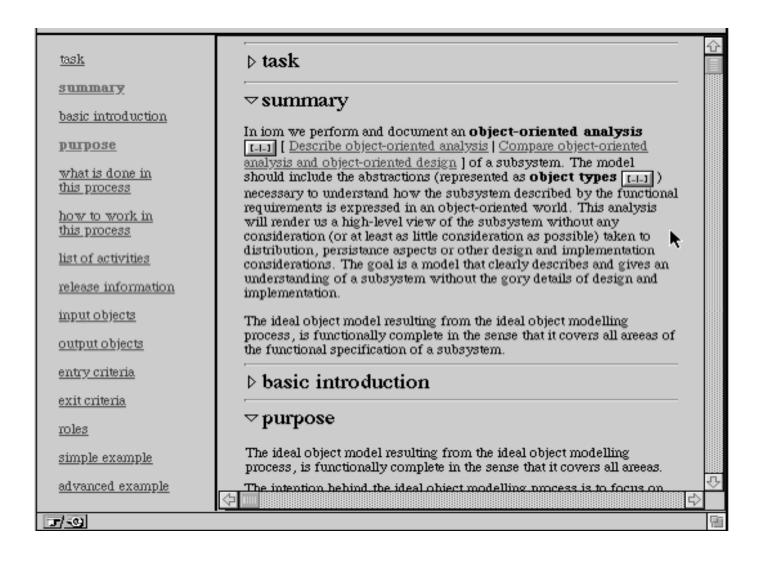
- Web-based systems = Pages + Links
- Adaptive presentation
 - content adaptation
- Adaptive navigation support
 - link adaptation



Adaptive presentation

- Conditional text filtering
 - ITEM/IP
- Adaptive stretchtext
 - MetaDoc, KN-AHS
- Frame-based adaptation
 - Hypadapter, EPIAIM
- Natural language generation
 - PEBA-II, ILEX

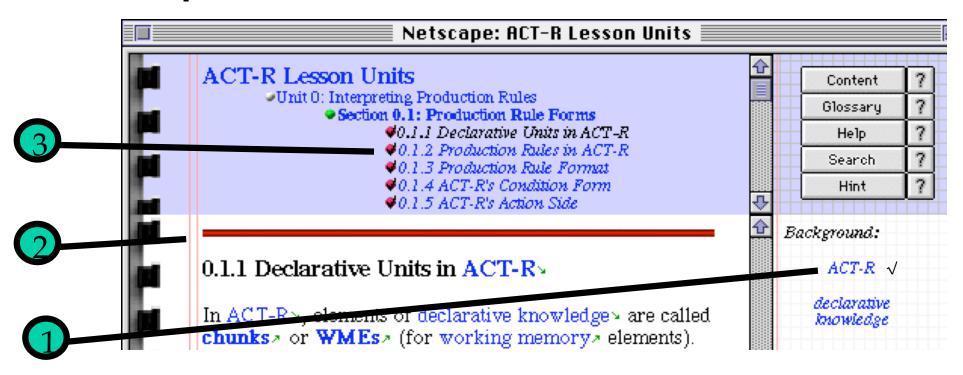
Adaptive Stretchtext (PUSH)



Adaptive navigation support

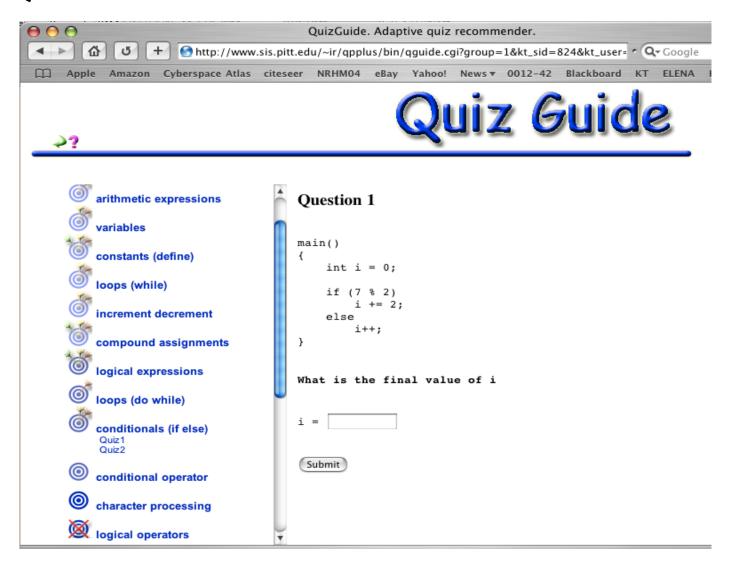
- Direct guidance
- Hiding, restricting, disabling
- Generation
- Sorting
- Annotation
- Map adaptation

Adaptive annotation in InterBook

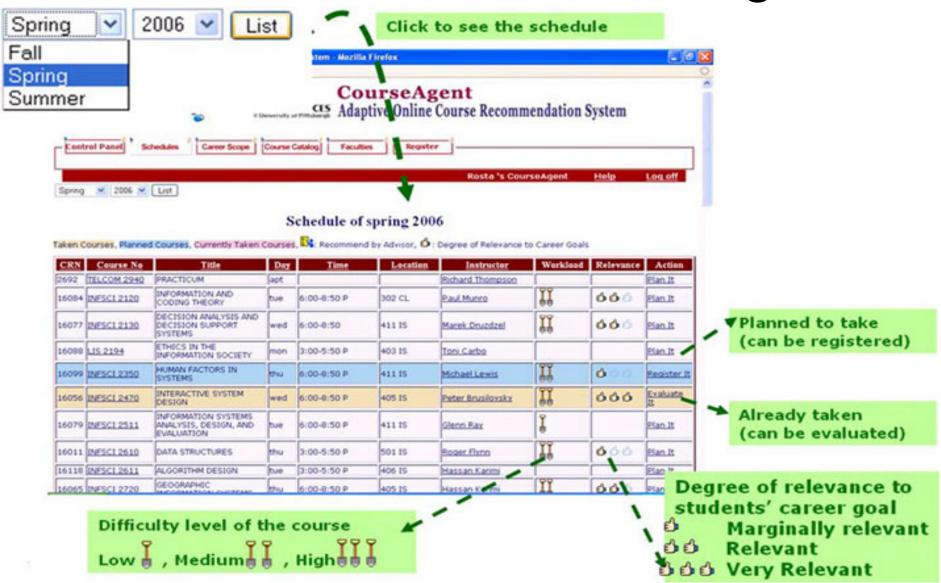


- 1. State of concepts (unknown, known, ..., learned)
- 2. State of current section (ready, not ready, nothing new)
- 3. States of sections behind the links (as above + visited)

QuizGuide: Dual Annotations



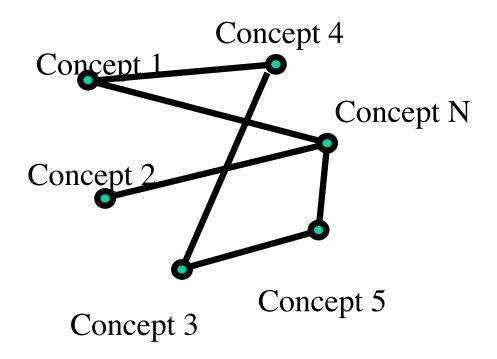
Annotations in CourseAgent



User Modeling in Classic AH

- Classic AH use external models
 - Domain models, pedagogical modes, stereotype hierarchy, etc.
- Users are modeled in relation to these models
 - User is field-independent
 - User knowledge of loops is high
 - User is interested in 19th century architecture styles
- Resources are connected (indexed) with elements of these models (aka *knowledge behind pages*)
 - This section presents while loop and increment
 - This page is for *field-independent* learners
 - This church is built in 1876

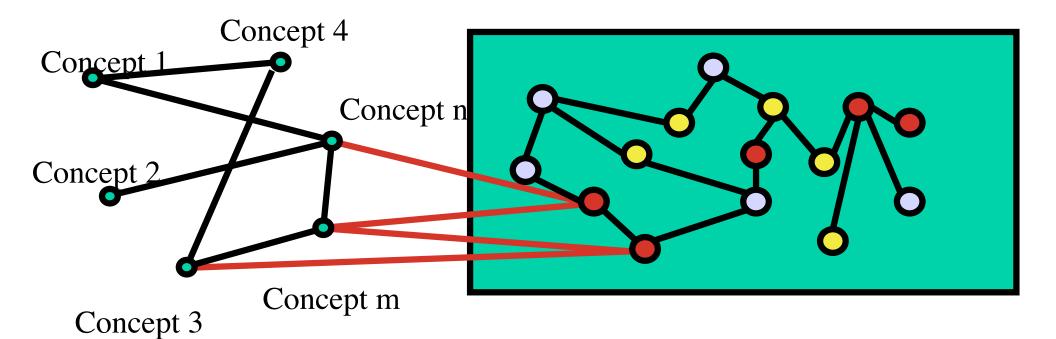
Domain Model



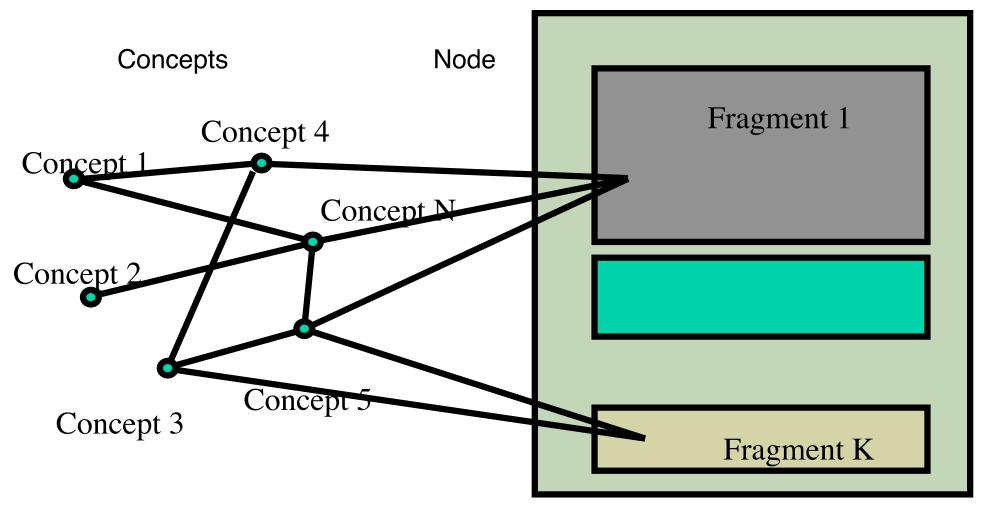
Indexing of Nodes

External (domain) model

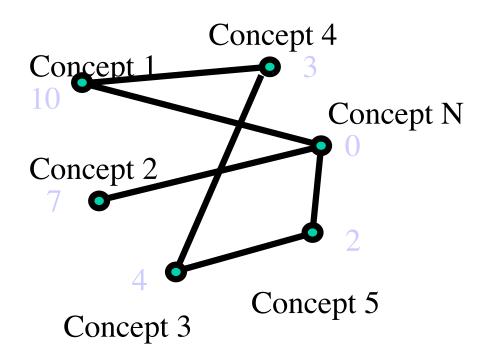
Hyperspace



Indexing of Fragments



Concept-Level User Model



AH: Evaluation Data

- Adaptive presentation makes user to understand the content faster and better
- Adaptive navigation support reduces navigation efforts and allows the users to get to the right place at the right time
- Altogether AH techniques can significantly improve the effectiveness of hypertext and hypermedia systems

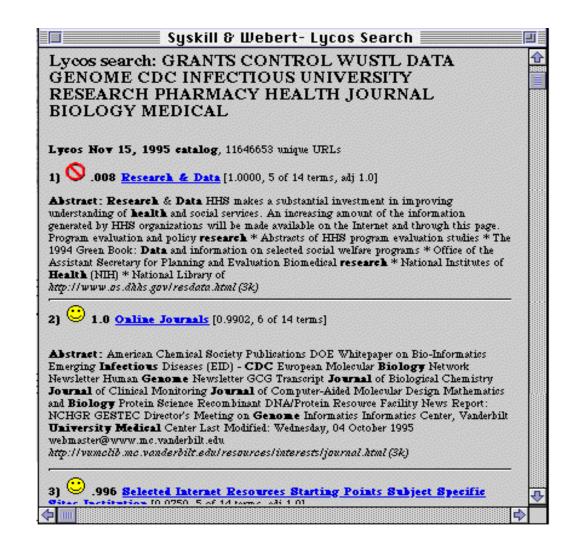
Recommender Systems

- "Native" adaptive information access approach
- How we can model the user in recommender systems?
- Which adaptation technologies can be applied?

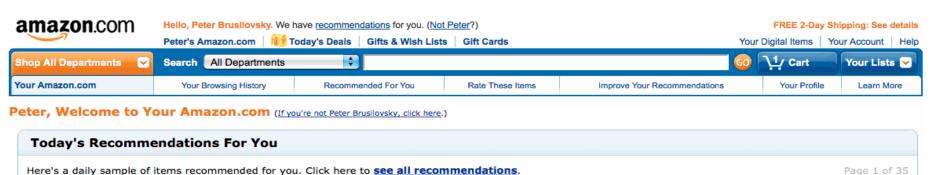
Recommender Systems

- Started as extension of work on adaptive information filtering
- What is filtering? Search without explicit query
- Started as SDI user provided profiles
- Later considered user feedback (yes/no or ratings) to automatically improve profile
- Modern IF can start without profile, constructing it by observation and user feedback
 - Rating, bookmarking, downloading, purchasing

Example: Syskill and Webert



Amazon.com Recommendations





Shrek Forever After (Single-Dis... DVD ~ Mike Myers

★★★☆ (143) \$19.49

Fix this recommendation

Business
Model
Generation

Business Model Generati... (Paperback) by Alexander Osterwalder

Fix this recommendation

4GB Kingston

Kingston 4 GB Class 4 SDHC Flash Memory Card SD... (677) \$6.49

Fix this recommendation



SE 19 PCS Watch Tool Kit

★★★☆☆ (44) \$21.22

Fix this recommendation



2 GB 32Mb/s MS PRO DUU 32Mb/s WRITE SPEED

Duo Flash Memory Car...

Fix this recommendation

Tap into Your Friends

Coming Soon for You

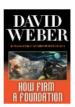




Source Code [Blu-ray] Blu-ray ~ Jake Gyllenhaal

★★★☆ (41) \$19.99

Fix this recommendation



How Firm a Foundation (Safehold) (Hardcover) by David Weber \$16.79



Bleach Uncut Box Set 9 DVD ~ Artist Not Provided

★★★★ (6) \$36.99 Fix this recommendation Connect to Facebook to get Amazon recommendations for you and discover your friends' Favorites and Likes

BETA

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Recommended because it's highly rated by other Hulu users



The Cisco Kid

Recommended because it's highly rated by other Hulu users



House Hunters

Recommended because it's highly rated by other Hulu users



Recommended because it's highly rated by other Hulu users



Top Recommendations



Diners, Drive-ins and Dives

Recommended because you recently watched The Best Thing I Ever Ate

Are you interested?

yes no I've seen it



Chopped

Recommended because you recently watched The Best Thing I Ever Ate

Are you interested?

yes no I've seen it



The Simpsons

Recommended because you recently watched American Dad!

Are you interested?

yes I've seen it



The Cleveland Show

Recommended because you recently watched American Dad!

Are you interested?

yes I've seen it

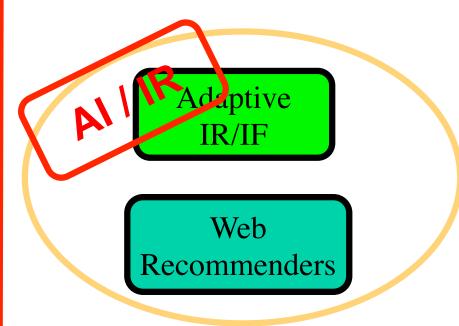
Recommender Technologies

- Classic content-based recommendation
 - Content-based user profile
- Collaborative recommender systems
 - Started with proactive push and pull systems, but merged the "filtering" movement
 - User profile as rating history
- Rule-based (purchasing printer)
- Case-based
 - Metadata-based user profile
- Demographic
 - User demographic data

Web Personalization 2000



- Explicit domain model
- Concept-level user model
- Manual indexing
- Use "classic" Al
- Use many adaptation techniques
- Reliable adaptation
- Adapt to many user factors



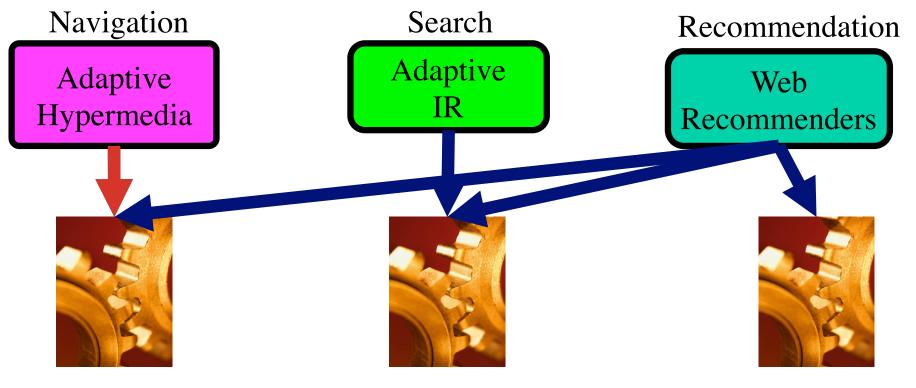
- No domain model
- Keyword-level user model
- No manual indexing
- Adapt to user interests
- Use ranked list of links/docs
- Use "modern" Al

Access Type vs. Engine

- Recommendation is a type of information access proactive ranked suggestion based on user data and observing behavior
- Engine behind decides to what extent information is relevant (answers goals, interests, knowledge)
- Types of engines:
 - Classic content based (keywords, same as IR)
 - Medatada-based (still content!)
 - Collaborative
 - Hybrid

A Look under the Hood

Types of information access

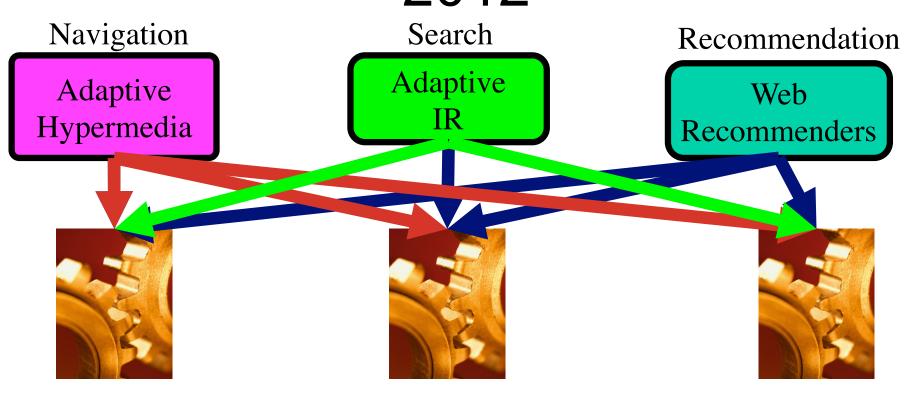


Metadata-based mechanism

Keyword-based mechanism Adaptation Mechanisms

Communitybased mechanism

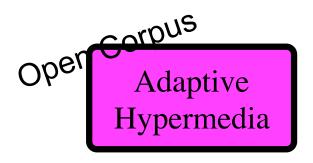
Personalized Information Access 2012



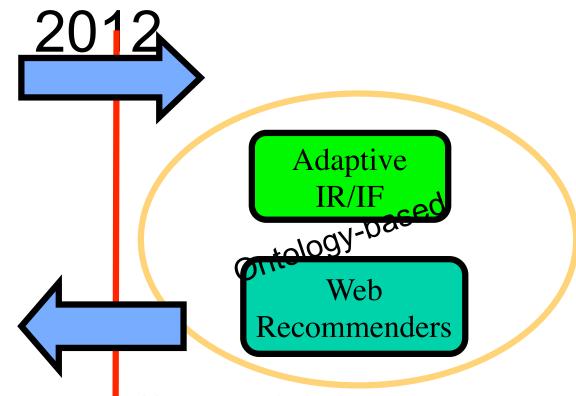
Metadata-based mechanism

Keyword-based mechanism Adaptation Mechanisms Communitybased mechanism

Personalized Information Access



- No Manual indexing
- Use ML and log mining
- Extensive use of BN
- Adapt to many user factors
- Use many adaptation techniques



- No manual indexing
- Explicit or derived domain ontology
- Concept-level user model
- Adapt to more than just interests

Personalized Information Access: Integrated Prospect

Adaptive
Hypermedia

Adaptive
IR/IF

Web
Recommenders

- With and without domain models
- Keyword- and concept-based UM
- Use of any AI techniques that fit

- Use many forms of information access
- Use a range of adaptation techniques
- Adapt to more than just interests

Why Integrated Prospect?

- Use larger variety of user models
- Use larger variety of user modeling techniques
 - Even for the same kind of models
- Use larger variety of information access techniques and adaptation techniques
 - Especially for the same kind of models
 - About 90% of user information needs are not solved by classic search-based access

What will we learn?

Document Modeling

User Modeling



Adaptive Information Access Technologies

How to implement adaptive information access: interfaces and engines



Special Topics

Personalized Information Access

- Adaptive search
- Adaptive filtering (recommendation)
 - Content-based
 - Collaborative
 - Hybrid
- Adaptive navigation support
- Adaptive presentation

Special Topics

- Some special kinds of personalization
 - Mobile, 3D, collaborative work
- Personalization in special domain
 - Cultural heritage, education
- Cross-cutting issues and challenges
 - Privacy, evaluation, group-level personalization

Mobile Personalization

- Mobile platform emerges as a leader
- New personalization approaches
 - Taking into account location/time/other context
 - Sensors and affective computing
 - Adapting to screen, power, bandwidth
- Mobile personalized systems
 - News and entertainment recommender
 - Location-based recommenders
 - Adaptive mobile guides